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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/615,092	07/07/2003	Koji Kawano	36856.1094	8684	
	54066 7590 07/17/2008 MURATA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.			EXAMINER	
C/O KEATING & BENNETT, LLP			INGVOLDSTAD, BENNETT		
1800 Alexander Bell Drive SUITE 200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Reston, VA 201	Reston, VA 20191		2623		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/17/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

JKEATING@KBIPLAW.COM uspto@kbiplaw.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/615,092	KAWANO ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	BENNETT INGVOLDSTAD	2623	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may be armed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to do will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDON	N. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ TI Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde	his action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, pr		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	inor		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corn and the corn are considered to by the second and the corn are considered to by the second are considered to be second as a second are considered as a second are considered to be second as a second are considered as a second	ccepted or b) objected to by the he drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Seection is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a light	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applica riority documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date	

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DETAILED ACTION

Miscellaneous

1. Please note that the examiner of record for this application has changed.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 22 April 2008 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 22 April 2008 regarding the rejections using the Matsuura '023 reference are moot in view of the new rejections using the Matsuura '803 reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-3 and 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (AAPA) in view of Matsuura (US 6751803).

Claim 1: AAPA teaches a CATV tuner, comprising:

an input circuit connected to an input terminal for transmitting and receiving a signal to and from a CATV station, the input circuit including an upstream-signal input terminal, a distributor, [...], an amplifier, and a downstream-signal output terminal [Figs 4-5];

a first mixer circuit for mixing an output signal from the input circuit and a first local-oscillation signal so as to generate a first IF signal (element 4 [Fig 4]);

a first oscillation circuit for transmitting the first local-oscillation signal to the first mixer circuit (element 5 [Fig 4]);

a first IF circuit for processing the first IF signal (element 6 [Fig 4]);

a second mixer circuit for mixing an output signal from the first IF circuit and a second local-oscillation signal so as to generate a second IF signal (element 7 [Fig 4]); and

a second oscillation circuit for transmitting the second local-oscillation signal to the second mixer circuit (element 8 [Fig 4]); and

a second IF circuit for processing the second IF signal (element 9 [Fig 4]); wherein at least one upstream signal is input to the upstream-signal input terminal so as to be transmitted to the CATV station (via upstream signal input 11

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[Fig 5]), the distributor distributes a reception signal to generate at least two distributed signals (distributor 14 [Fig 5]) and transmits one of the distributed signals to the downstream-signal output terminal as a downstream signal so that the downstream signal is output therefrom (terminal 15 [Fig 5]); and

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the distributor is arranged between the upstream-signal input terminal of the input circuit and the first mixer [AAPA Spec pg. 2, para 3].

AAPA discloses that the amplifier 16 is outside of the tuning circuit instead of between the distributor 14 and the terminal 15 as claimed, and AAPA does not disclose a low pass filter as claimed.

Matsuura discloses a branch circuit similar to AAPA's 14-15-16 branch [AAPA Fig 5] wherein "the amplifier is arranged between the distributor and the downstream-signal output terminal so as to amplify the downstream signal" (amplifier 5/6 is between the distributor 2 and output terminals 12/14 [Matsuura Fig 1]), and "the low-pass filter is arranged between the distributor and the amplifier so as to remove a CATV signal having a frequency that is higher than a predetermined upper limit frequency of the downstream signal" (band pass filter 4 comprises a 300MHz low pass filter located between distributor 2 and amplifier 5/6 for removing unnecessary signal components [Matsuura Fig 1, col. 6, l. 1-11]).

It would have been obvious to modify AAPA's branch to be similar to

Matsuura's branch, thus moving the amplifier and adding a low pass filter for the

purpose of removing unwanted frequency components before amplifying the signal [Matsuura col. 6, I. 1-11].

AAPA in view of Matsuura teaches:

2. A CATV tuner according to Claim I, further comprising a high-pass filter arranged between the distributor and the amplifier so as to block the upstream signal (BPF 4 comprises a 70MHz high-pass filter [Matsuura Fig 1]).

AAPA in view of Matsuura teaches:

3. A CATV tuner according to Claim 2, wherein the high-pass filter and the low-pass filter define a bandpass filter (BPF 4 [Matsuura Fig 1]).

Claim 6: AAPA in view of Matsuura does not teach a tuner case having the input circuit provided therein.

OFFICIAL NOTICE is taken that it was well known to provide a case to house a circuit in order to protect the circuit.

Therefore it would have been obvious to house the tuner circuit in a tuner case for the purpose of protecting the circuit as was well known in the art.

AAPA in view of Matsuura teaches:

7. A CATV tuner according to Claim 1, wherein an output from one end of the distributor is transmitted to the downstream-signal output terminal via the low-

pass filter and the amplifier (to output terminals 12/14 via filter 4 and amplifier 5/6 [Matsuura Fig 1]).

AAPA in view of Matsuura teaches:

8. A CATV tuner according to Claim 1, wherein an output from one end of the distributor is subjected to processing and transmitted to the first mixer circuit [AAPA Spec pg. 2, para 3].

Claim 9 is rejected as indicated in the claim 6 rejection.

AAPA in view of Matsuura teaches:

- 10. A CATV tuner according to Claim 1, wherein the low-pass filter functions as a matching circuit for making the downstream signal transmitted from the distributor suitable to be input to the amplifier (the output of the filter 4 is input to the amplifier 5/6 [Matsuura Fig 1]).
- 6. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (AAPA) in view of Matsuura (US 6751803) and Shaw (US 5953043).

Claims 4 and 5: AAPA in view of Matsuura does not teach a resistor arranged between the amplifier and the downstream signal output terminal.

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Shaw discloses a series resistor between an amplifier and an output terminal [Fig 1A].

It would have been obvious to use a resistor following the teaching of Shaw for the purpose of impedance matching the transmission signal [Shaw col. 3, I. 53-55].

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BENNETT INGVOLDSTAD whose telephone number is (571)270-3431. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 8-6:30 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Scott Beliveau can be reached on (571) 272-7343. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Bennett Ingvoldstad/ Examiner, Art Unit 2623

/Scott Beliveau/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2623